

# Firm's Problem

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<https://pascalmichailat.org/c2/>

Firms maximize profits by choosing # of producers  $n$ , taking as given market tightness  $\alpha, \theta$  and prices  $p, w$ .

(Equivalent - firm chooses # employees  $l$   
 [ b/c  $l = [1 + \hat{\tau}(\theta)] n$  ]  
 - firm chooses # vacancies  $\hat{v}$   
 [ b/c  $\hat{v} = l / \hat{q}(\theta)$  ] )

Profits : Revenue - Cost  
 = Revenue from sale of services - Wage bill

$$= p \cdot f(x) \cdot k - w \cdot l$$

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑  
 price of service    selling proba    capacity    nominal wage    employees

$$= p \cdot f(x) \cdot a \cdot n^\alpha - w [1 + \hat{\tau}(\theta)] \cdot n$$

↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑  
 technology    matching wedge    producers

function of  $n$ :  
 concave in  $n$   
 ( $\alpha < 1$ )

standard concave maximization problem

$$\max_{n > 0} p \cdot a \cdot f(x) n^{\alpha} - w [1 + \hat{\tau}(\theta)] n$$

↳ derivative.  
FOC

↳ sufficient condition for global maximum

$$p \cdot a \cdot \alpha f(x) n^{\alpha-1} = w [1 + \hat{\tau}(\theta)]$$

MR from 1 producer:  
MPL × price × selling prob

MC of product:  
cost of 1 extra producer

$$\Leftrightarrow n^{\alpha-1} = \frac{[1 + \hat{\tau}(\theta)] w}{\alpha a f(x) p}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow n = \left[ \frac{a \cdot \alpha \cdot f(x)}{[1 + \hat{\tau}(\theta)] \cdot (w/p)} \right]^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}}$$

profit-maximizing # employees:  $l = [1 + \hat{\tau}(\theta)] n$

$$l = \left[ \frac{a \alpha f(x)}{w/p} \right]^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}} \cdot [1 + \hat{\tau}(\theta)]^{1 - \frac{1}{1-\alpha}}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow l = \left[ \frac{a \alpha \cdot f(x)}{w/p} \right]^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}} \cdot \left[ \frac{1}{1 + \hat{\tau}(\theta)} \right]^{\frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}}$$